

# Ward's



## Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta

*Hosta 'Lakeside Kaleidoscope'*

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 24 inches

Spread: 15 inches

Spacing: 24 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Group/Class: Lakeside Series

### Description:

Heart shaped, blue-green leaves are shiny and attractive, featuring wavy, cream edges that streak into the centers; provides beautiful texture and contrast to other plants; spikes of near white flowers appear in mid summer; perfect for borders or beds

### Ornamental Features

Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta features dainty spikes of white tubular flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive textured pointy leaves emerge chartreuse in spring, turning bluish-green in color with distinctive creamy white edges and tinges of powder blue throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



*Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



### **Planting & Growing**

Lakeside Kaleidoscope Hosta will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 24 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 15 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 24 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.